

MOC3020X, MOC3021X, MOC3022X, MOC3023X
MOC3020, MOC3021, MOC3022, MOC3023



ISOCOM
COMPONENTS

**OPTICALLY COUPLED BILATERAL
SWITCH NON-ZERO CROSSING
TRIAC**



APPROVALS

- UL recognised, File No. E91231 under Package System 'KK'

'X' SPECIFICATION APPROVALS

- VDE 0884 in 3 available lead forms : -
- STD
- G form
- SMD approved to CECC 00802

DESCRIPTION

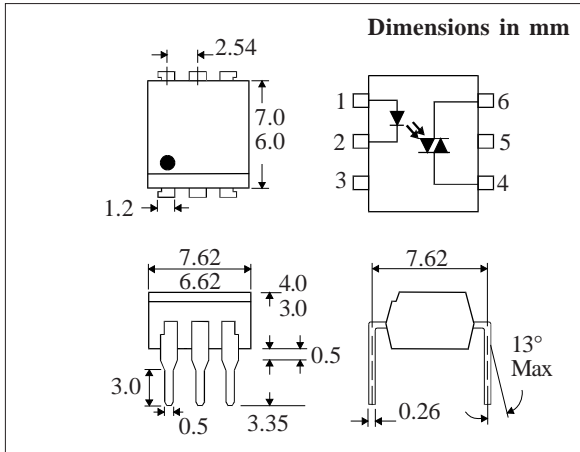
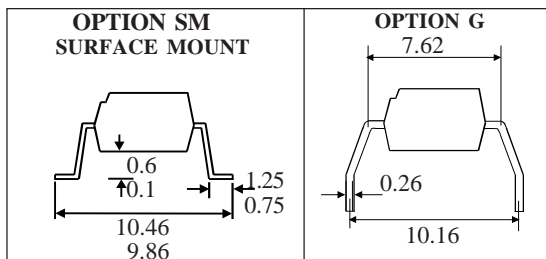
The MOC302_ series are optically coupled isolators consisting of a Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diode coupled with a light activated silicon bilateral switch performing the functions of a triac mounted in a standard 6 pin dual-in-line package.

FEATURE

- Options :-
10mm lead spread - add G after part no.
Surface mount - add SM after part no.
Tape&reel - add SMT&R after part no.
- High Isolation Voltage (5.3kV_{RMS}, 7.5kV_{PK})
- 400V Peak Blocking Voltage
- All electrical parameters 100% tested
- Custom electrical selections available

APPLICATIONS

- CRTs
- Power Triac Driver
- Motors
- Consumer appliances
- Printers



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
(25 °C unless otherwise noted)**

Storage Temperature _____ -55°C - +150°C
Operating Temperature _____ -40°C - +100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature _____ 260°C
(1.6mm from case for 10 seconds)

INPUT DIODE

Forward Current _____ 50mA
Reverse Voltage _____ 6V
Power Dissipation _____ 70mW
(derate linearly 0.93mW/°C above 25°C)

OUTPUT PHOTO TRIAC

Off-State Output Terminal Voltage _____ 400V
Forward Current (Peak) _____ 1A
Power Dissipation _____ 300mW
(derate linearly 4.0mW/°C above 25°C)

POWER DISSIPATION

Total Power Dissipation _____ 330mW
(derate linearly 4.4mW/°C above 25°C)

ISOCOM COMPONENTS 2004 LTD
Unit 25B, Park View Road West,
Park View Industrial Estate, Brenda Road
Hartlepool, Cleveland, TS25 1UD
Tel: (01429) 863609 Fax: (01429) 863581

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C Unless otherwise noted)

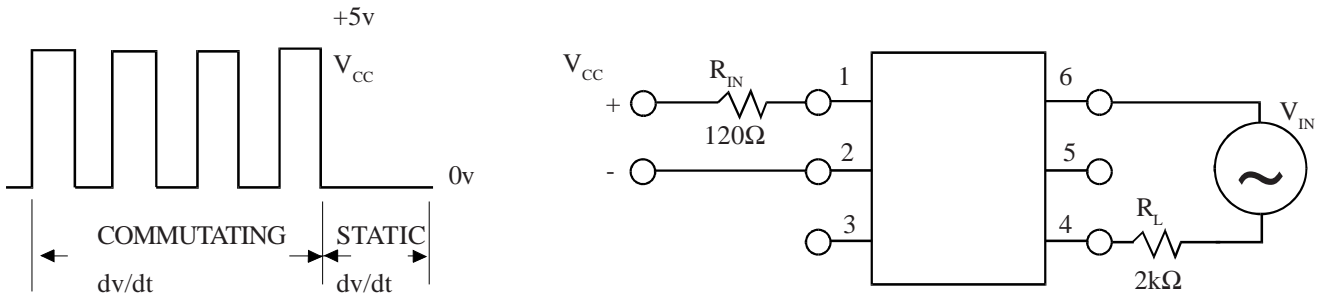
PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITION
Input	Forward Voltage (V _F) Reverse Current (I _R)		1.2	1.5	V μA	I _F = 10mA V _R = 6V
Output	Peak Off-state Current (I _{DRM}) Peak Blocking Voltage (V _{DRM}) On-state Voltage (V _{TM}) Critical rate of rise of off-state Voltage (dv/dt) (note 1) Critical rate of rise of commutating Voltage (dv/dt) (note 1)	400		100	nA V V V/μs V/μs	V _{DRM} = 400V (note 1) I _{DRM} = 100nA I _{TM} = 100mA (peak) I load = 15mA, V _{IN} = 30V (fig 1.)
Coupled	Input Current to Trigger (I _{FT})(note 2) MOC3020 MOC3021 MOC3022 MOC3023 Holding Current , either direction (I _H) Input to Output Isolation Voltage V _{ISO}			30 15 10 5	mA mA mA mA μA V _{RMS} V _{PK}	V _D = 3V (note 2) See note 3 See note 3

Note 1. Test voltage must be applied within dv/dt rating.

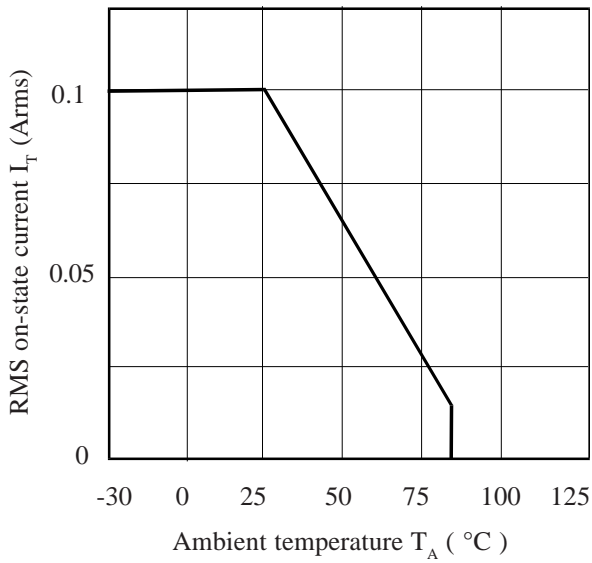
Note 2. Guaranteed to trigger at an I_F value less than or equal to max. I_{FT}, recommended I_F lies between Rated I_{FT} and absolute max. I_{FT}.

Note 3. Measured with input leads shorted together and output leads shorted together.

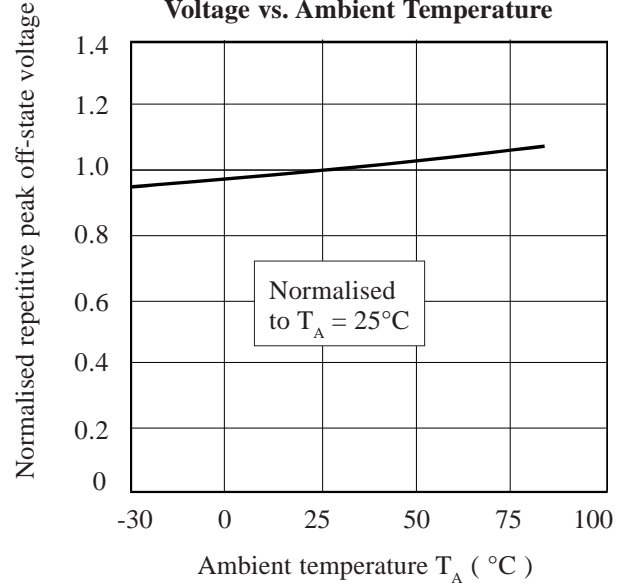
FIGURE 1



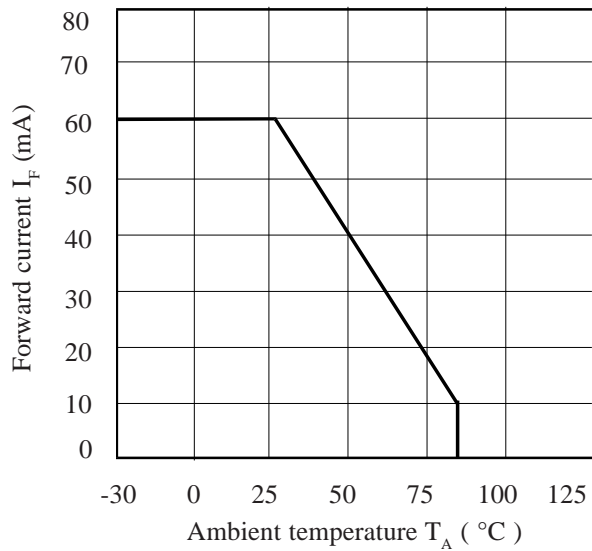
RMS On-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature



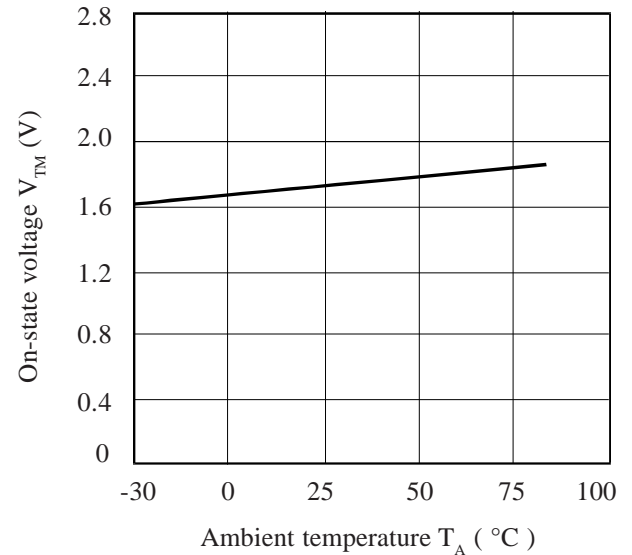
Normalised Repetitive Peak Off-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



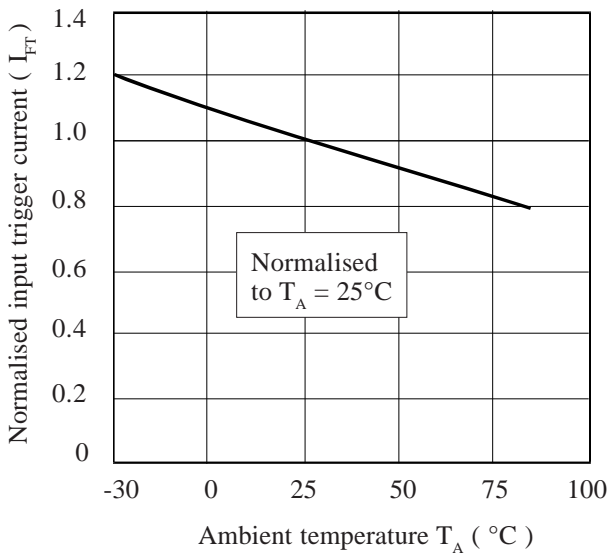
Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



On-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



Normalised Input Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature



On-state Current vs. On-state Voltage

